

Properties of Exponents

1. Simplify $(3x^0)^2(2x^4)$.
 A. x^4 B. $12x^4$ C. $18x^6$ D. $18x^4$
2. Simplify $\frac{3y^2z}{15y^5}$. Assume that no variable equals 0.
 A. $\frac{z}{5y^3}$ B. $\frac{y^3z}{5}$ C. $5y^3z$ D. $\frac{y^7z}{5}$
3. Simplify $(3a^0b^2)(2a^{-3}b^2)^2$.
 A. $\frac{12b^6}{a^6}$ B. $\frac{36b^8}{a^6}$ C. $6b^8$ D. $\frac{12b^6}{a}$
4. Simplify $\frac{4a^4b^2c}{12a^2b^{-5}c^3}$. Assume that no variable equals 0.
 A. $\frac{a^2b^7}{8c^2}$ B. $\frac{a^2b^3}{3c^2}$ C. $\frac{a^2c^2}{3b^3}$ D. $\frac{a^2b^7}{3c^2}$

Operations with Polynomials

5. Simplify $(5m - 9) + (4m + 2)$.
 A. $9m - 11$ B. $m - 11$ C. $9m - 7$ D. $20m^2 - 18$
6. Simplify $3x(2x^2 - y)$.
 A. $5x^3 + 3xy$ B. $12x - y$ C. $6x^2 - 3y$ D. $6x^3 - 3xy$
7. Simplify $(3a^3 - 7a^2 + a) - (6a^3 - 4a^2 - 8)$.
 A. $-3a^6 - 3a^4 + a + 8$ B. $-3a^3 - 11a^2 + a - 8$
 C. $-3a^6 - 11a^4 + a - 8$ D. $-3a^3 - 3a^2 + a + 8$
8. Simplify $(7m - 8)^2$.
 A. $49m^2 + 64$ B. $49m^2 - 64$
 C. $49m^2 - 112m + 64$ D. $49m^2 - 30m + 64$

Dividing Polynomials

9. Simplify $(x^2 - 2x - 35) \div (x + 5)$.
 A. $x^2 - x - 30$ B. $x - 7$
 C. $x + 5$ D. $x^3 + 3x^2 - 45x - 175$
10. Simplify $(4x^3 - 2x^2 + 8x + 8) \div (2x + 1)$.
 A. $2x^2 - 2x + 5 + \frac{3}{2x + 1}$ B. $2x^2 + 4 - \frac{9}{2x + 1}$
 C. $2x^2 + 4 - \frac{12}{2x + 1}$ D. $x^2 - 4x + 6 - \frac{14}{2x + 1}$

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. Which represents the correct synthetic division of $(x^2 - 4x + 7) \div (x - 2)$?

A. $\begin{array}{r|rrr} -2 & 1 & -4 & 7 \\ & & -2 & 12 \\ \hline & 1 & -6 & 19 \end{array}$

B. $\begin{array}{r|rrr} 2 & 1 & -4 & 7 \\ & & 2 & 4 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & 11 \end{array}$

C. $\begin{array}{r|rrr} -2 & 1 & -4 & 7 \\ & & -2 & -16 \\ \hline & 1 & 8 & -9 \end{array}$

D. $\begin{array}{r|rrr} 2 & 1 & -4 & 7 \\ & & 2 & -4 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & 3 \end{array}$

11. _____

12. Which represents the correct synthetic division of $(2x^3 - 5x + 40) \div (x + 3)$?

A. $\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -3 & 2 & -5 & 40 \\ & & -6 & 33 \\ \hline & 2 & -11 & 73 \end{array}$

B. $\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 3 & 2 & -5 & 40 \\ & & 6 & 3 \\ \hline & 2 & 1 & 43 \end{array}$

C. $\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -3 & 2 & 0 & -5 & 40 \\ & & -6 & 18 & -39 \\ \hline & 2 & -6 & 13 & 1 \end{array}$

D. $\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 3 & 2 & 0 & -5 & 40 \\ & & 6 & 18 & 39 \\ \hline & 2 & 6 & 13 & 79 \end{array}$

12. _____

Polynomial Functions

13. Find $p(-3)$ if $p(x) = 4 - x$.

- A. 12 B. 4 C. 1 D. 7

13. _____

14. Find $p(-4)$ if $p(x) = 3x^3 - 2x^2 + 6x - 4$.

- A. -188 B. -252 C. -140 D. -204

14. _____

15. If $r(x) = x^3 - 2x + 1$, find $r(2a^3)$.

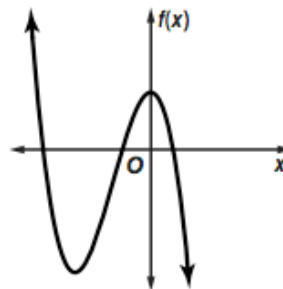
- A. $8a^6 - 4a^3 + 1$ B. $4a^6 + 4a^3 + 1$
 C. $6a^6 - 4a^3 + 1$ D. $8a^9 - 4a^3 + 1$

15. _____

16. State the number of real zeros for the function whose graph is shown at the right.

- A. 0 B. 2
 C. 3 D. 1

16. _____



Solving Polynomial Equations

17. Solve $x^4 - 13x^2 + 36 = 0$.

- A. $-3, -2, 2, 3$ B. $-9, -4, 4, 9$ C. $2, 3, 2i, 3i$ D. $-2, -3, 2i, 3i$

17. _____

18. Solve $x^4 - 6x^2 - 27 = 0$.

- A. $\sqrt{3}, 3, 3i, i\sqrt{3}$ B. $-3, -\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3}, 3$
 C. $-3, 3, i\sqrt{3}, -i\sqrt{3}$ D. $-\sqrt{3}, 3, 3i, -3i$

18. _____

19. Solve $b^4 + 2b^2 - 24 = 0$.

- A. $-2, -\sqrt{6}, \sqrt{6}, 2$ B. $-\sqrt{6}, 2, 2i, i\sqrt{6}$
 C. $-2, 2, -i\sqrt{6}, i\sqrt{6}$ D. $-2i, 2i, -\sqrt{6}, \sqrt{6}$

19. _____

Pascal's Triangle

20. Use Pascal's triangle to expand $(m + 1)^3$.

- A. $m^3 + 3m^2 + 3m + 1$ B. $m^2 + 2m + 1$
 C. $m^3 + 1$ D. $m^3 + 2m^2 + 2m + 1$

20. _____

21. Use Pascal's triangle to expand $(m - n)^5$.

- A. $m^5 - 4m^4n + 6m^3n^2 + (-6m^2n^3) + 4mn^4 - n^5$
 B. $m^5 + 5m^4n - 10m^3n^2 + 10m^2n^3 - 5mn^4 + n^5$
 C. $m^5 + 4m^4n - 6m^3n^2 + 6m^2n^3 - 4mn^4 + n^5$
 D. $m^5 - 5m^4n + 10m^3n^2 - 10m^2n^3 + 5mn^4 - n^5$

21. _____